

Montgomery College
 MA 284 Course Outcomes
Approved Spring 2008

#	<i>Outcome: Upon completion of this course/program a student will be able to:</i>
1.	Determine whether solutions of a linear system $Ax = b$ exist. If so, determine whether the solution is unique and find a basis for the solution space.
2.	Explain what it means for a set of vectors to be a subspace of \mathbb{R}^n . Verify that a given set does or does not satisfy the defining properties of a subspace.
3.	Demonstrate an understanding of the concepts of linear independence, spanning, and basis. Determine whether a given set of vectors is linearly independent and/or spans a given subspace. Produce a basis for a given subspace of \mathbb{R}^n .
4.	Perform matrix calculations, applying the rules of matrix algebra.
5.	Find the column space, row space, and null space of a matrix. Show an understanding of the relationship between the dimension of the null space, the rank, and the number of columns of the matrix.
6.	Define what it means for a function to be a linear transformation from \mathbb{R}^n to \mathbb{R}^m . Describe the kernel and range of a given linear transformation.
7.	Produce the eigenvalues and associated eigenspaces for a given matrix. Explain geometrically the result of multiplying an eigenvector by the matrix.
8.	Apply the dot product and its properties to problems of orthogonality, the magnitude of vectors, and the distance between vectors. Produce orthogonal bases of subspaces of \mathbb{R}^n .
9.	Use the techniques and theory of linear algebra to model various real world problems. (Possible applications include: curve fitting, computer graphics, networks, discrete dynamical systems, systems of differential equations, and least squares solutions.)
10.	Effectively communicate the concepts and applications of linear algebra using the language of linear algebra in a mathematically correct way.
11.	Use advanced software tools (e.g., Maple, MATLAB, Mathematica) to solve problems in linear algebra.