GRAMMAR

Phrase: A group of words

Clause: A group of words containing both a subject and a verb in tense Independent Clause: expresses a complete thought Emmanuel helped his classmates

Dependent Clause: does not express a complete thought, uses dependent clause markers *While Beza studied the article*

Sentence: A group of words containing at least one independent clause Emmanuel helped his classmates, while Beza studied the article. Josephine knew the consequences of her actions. The dog ran.

Dependent Clause Markers: words added to the beginning of a clause, making it dependent Examples: after, although, as, as if, because, before, even if, even though, if, in order to, since, though, unless, until, whatever, when, whenever, whether, while, that, which, what, who, whoever, whom, whomever and whose, etc.

> Unless she studies hard ... When the band began to play ... After the movie ended ...

Coordinating Conjunctions: words that combine two independent clauses; used with a comma Examples: for, and, nor, but, or, yet, so

I love to eat cheese, and I think swiss is the best. Driving is hard on my eyes, so I wear glasses in the car. Secretariat is a Triple Crown winner, for he won all three races.

Punctuation: marks used to separate or join two or more phrases or clauses

Period: used to mark the end of a complete sentence

I watched the sunset.

Semi-Colon: used to join two sentences whose meanings are closely related *Triathlons require lots of athleticism; swimming is one of the hardest sports.* Comma: used to separate words, clauses, or phrases within a sentence

While greeting the guests, Joan noticed that Steve, Nadia, and Joe were missing.

Four Sentence Types

All sentences must have an independent clause, but you can mix and match as many dependent or independent clauses as you want to make more interesting and complicated sentences. There are four sentences types that use *independent* and <u>dependent</u> clauses differently.

Simple Sentences: one main independent clause with a subject and verb, either or both of which can be compound

I lose my passport. Bob and I went to the movies. Shayan draws and paints extremely well.

Compound Sentences: two main independent clauses connected with a comma and a coordinating conjunction

I had my student ID, but I forgot to get the semester sticker. Driving fast is fun and exciting, but it can lead to accidents. They went to the carnival, and the rides were too expensive!

Complex Sentences: one main independent clause and at least one dependent clause

<u>Although I lost my passport, I did not worry about it.</u> I ran to catch the bus, even though the next one would be coming in another 10 minutes. "Dexter" is my favorite show because I love the bond between Deb and Dexter.

Compound-Complex Sentences: at least two main independent clauses and at least one dependent clause

<u>Unless conditions change</u>, she will spend the rest of her life working for minimum wage; there are thousands of women like her.
Driving fast is fun and exciting, but it can lead to accidents <u>if you are not careful</u>.
<u>When I arrived at work on Monday</u>, I was surprised to see <u>that Roseli was there</u>; normally, she is works only on Fridays.