



#### Open Discussion

- The images and ideas in this presentation are not censored in any way
- Be open to new points of view
- This is not a "comfortable" conversation

#### Resources

Are you or someone you know having a crisis?

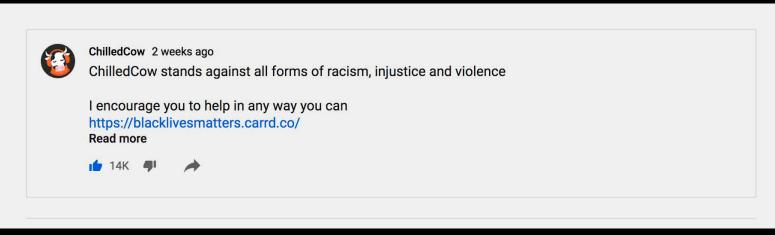
- 24 Hour Montgomery County Crisis Hotline: 301-738-2255
- 24 Hour National Suicide Prevention Lifeline: 800-273-8255 Press 1 for Veterans Crisis Line
- 24 Hour online support at Crisischat.orgnew window
- 24 Hour text chat support: Text "Start" to 741741
- 24 Hour National Domestic Violence Hotline: 800-799-7233

Do you wish to report a concern about discrimination at the college?

- EthicsPoint toll-free number: 844-572-2198
- EthicsPoint online reporting: Montgomerycollege ethicspoint:

https://info.montgomerycollege.edu/resources/code-of-ethics-and-employee-conduct/reporting-concerns.html

#### Cyberwars (observing)





### Cyberwars (engaging)



Colburn Classroom 2 weeks ago (edited)

The amount of people responding to this post and saying the issue isn't systemic racism against black people is disheartening. Face the facts. It is about systemic racism against black people. Had a white person been in George Floyd's shoes, the same thing would not have happened.

Saying black lives matter isn't about being anti-white. It's about acknowledging the humanity of black people, which our actions as a society do not. Black lives matter.



2 weeks ago

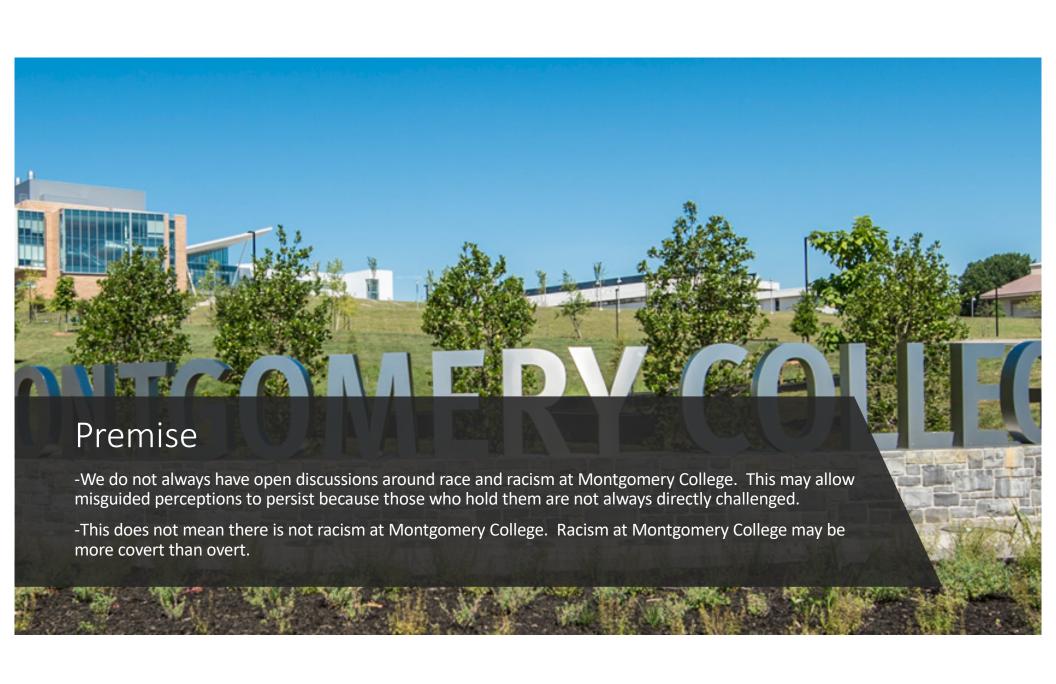
Cite literally a single fact of this case that points to Floyd's murder being racially motivated. Literally just state a single fact that leads to that conclusion.

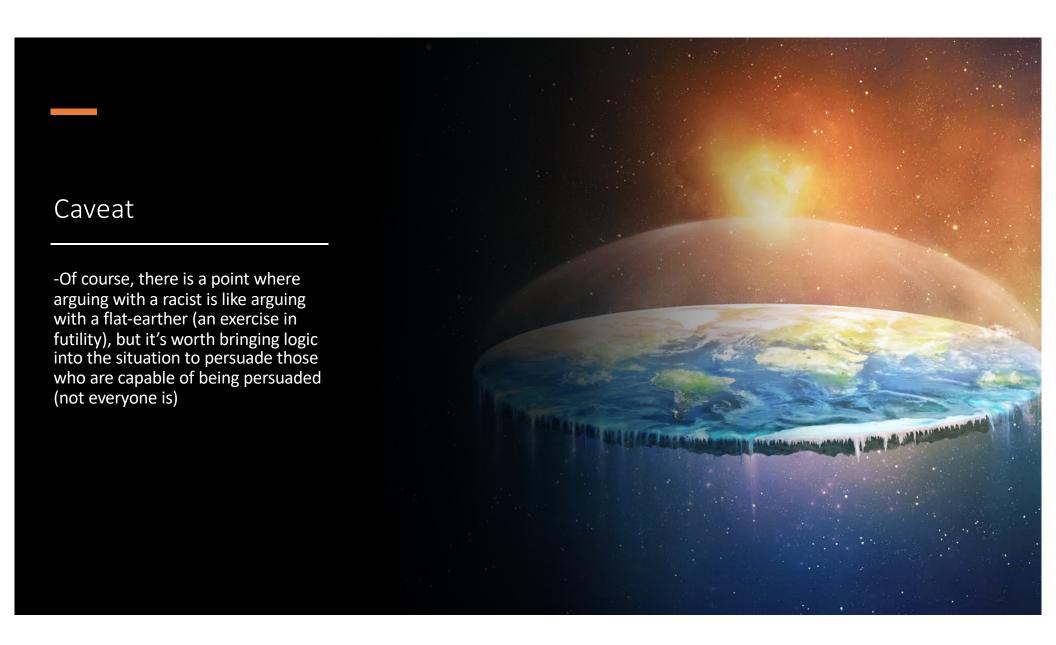




REPLY

.







#### Why "Anti-Blackness"?

Anti-blackness is one way some black scholars have articulated what it means to be marked as black in an anti-black world. It's more than just "racism against black people." That oversimplifies and defangs it. It's a theoretical framework that illuminates society's inability to recognize our humanity — the disdain, disregard and disgust for our existence.

kihana miraya ross in the NYTimes



#### Afro-pessimism

• The African-American studies professor Frank B. Wilderson, who coined the term "Afro-pessimism," argues that anti-blackness indexes the structural reality so that in the larger society, blackness is inextricably tied to "slaveness." While the system of U.S. chattel slavery technically ended over 150 years ago, it continues to mark the ontological position of black people. Thus, in the minds of many, the relation between humanity and blackness is an antagonism, is irreconcilable.

-kihana miraya ross in the NYTimes

## Discussion

Do you think white people continue to see Black people as slaves even today?

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# Discussion

Which term do you find more useful - "implicit bias" vs. "anti-blackness"?

#### The counter-argument(s)

- "Racism isn't an issue. Slavery ended hundreds of years ago."
- "Segregation has been gone for a long time now, but Black people still blame the system."



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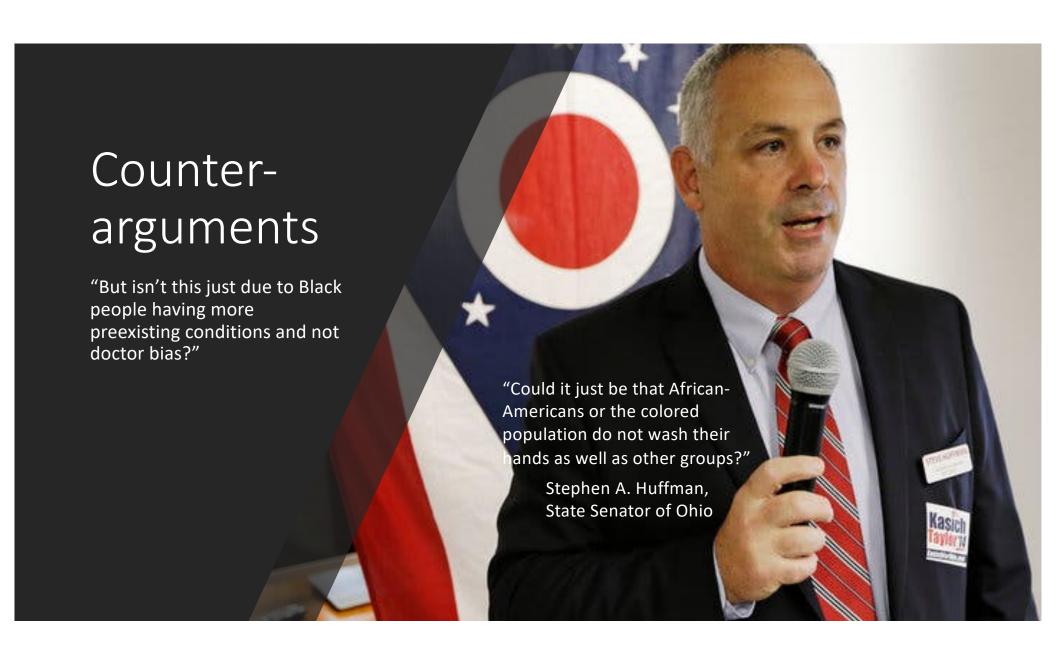
- Healthcare
- Policing
- Mass Incarceration
- Hiring



#### Healthcare

 African-American patients tend to receive lower-quality health services, including for cancer, H.I.V., prenatal care and preventive care, vast research shows. They are also less likely to receive treatment for cardiovascular disease, and they are more likely to have unnecessary limb amputations (NYTimes),



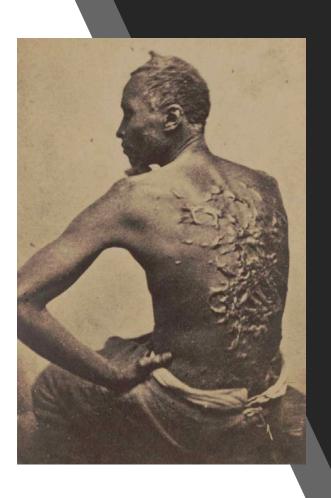


#### Refutation (Healthcare)

- Even when we consider white and Black patients with the same condition, they receive different care
- "In adjusted analyses, black patients with congestive heart failure or pneumonia received lower quality of care overall than other patients with these conditions by both explicit process criteria and implicit review" (National Library of Medicine)

#### Enduring pain

- "A 2000 study out of Emory University found that at a hospital emergency department in Atlanta, 74 percent of white patients with bone fractures received painkillers compared with 50 percent of black patients." (Washington Post)
- Tuskegee Experiment 1932-1972 Black people with untreated syphilis were "studied" with government funding (CDC)



#### **Enduring Pain**

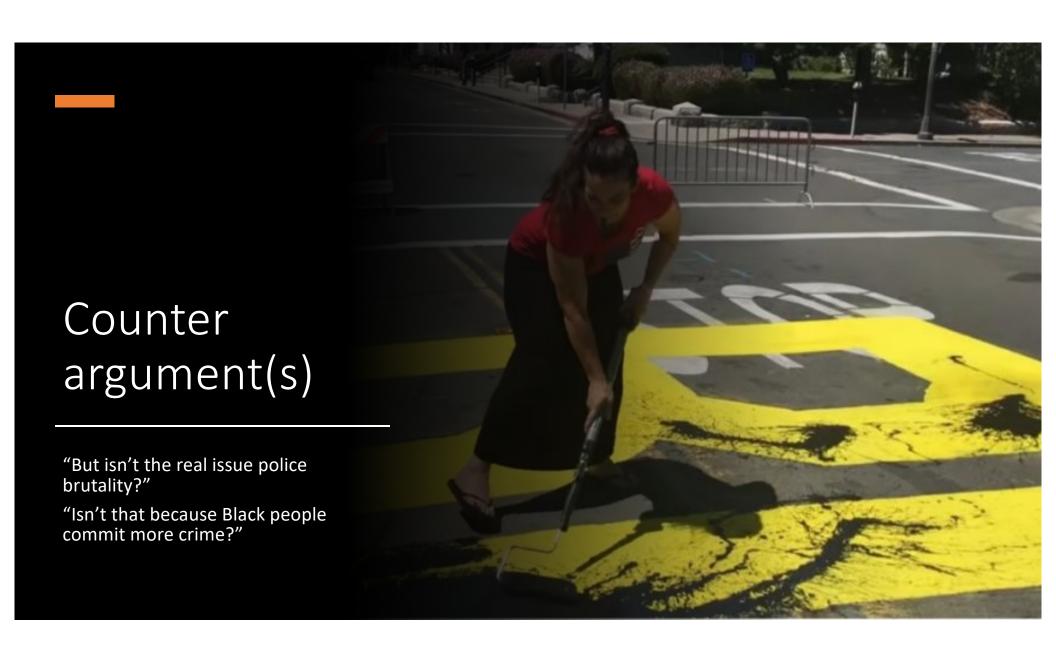
- Beliefs that blacks and whites are fundamentally and biologically different have been prevalent in various forms for centuries. In the United States, these beliefs were championed by scientists, physicians, and slave owners alike to justify slavery and the inhumane treatment of black men and women in medical research (20–25).
- In the 19th century, prominent physicians sought to establish the "physical peculiarities" of blacks that could "serve to distinguish him from the white man" (23). Such "peculiarities" included thicker skulls, less sensitive nervous systems, and diseases inherent in dark skin (20, 21, 23). Dr. Samuel Cartright, for instance, wrote that blacks bore a "Negro disease [making them] insensible to pain when subjected to punishment" (20).

(Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America)

#### Policing

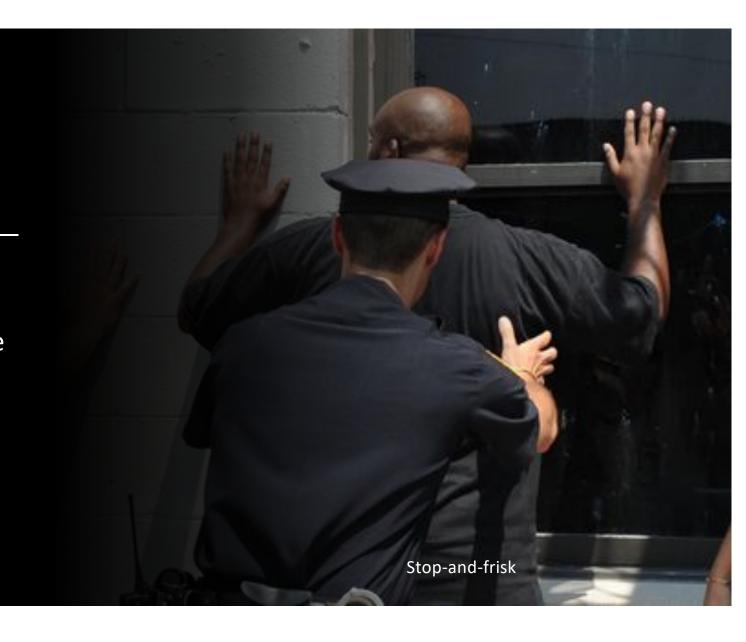
 "In the United States, black people are three times as likely to be killed by the police than white people" (<u>NYTimes</u>)





#### Policing (continued)

 "In 2009, black and Latino people in New York were nine times as likely to be stopped by the police compared to white residents" (NYTimes).



# Stopand-Frisk

• During the height of stop-and-frisk, the NYPD routinely argued that the disproportionate number of stops of black people was justified because, according to the department, black people are disproportionately involved in violent crimes. Given that over 90 percent of stops had nothing to do with a suspected violent crime, the race of those convicted of violent crimes generally cannot explain the disproportionate number of black people stopped every year" (NYCLU, ACLU of New York).

#### Sentencing

"Black men who commit the same crimes as white men receive federal prison sentences that are, on average, nearly percent longer."

 (Washington Post)



#### Counter-argument(s)

• "But isn't this just a result of criminal history?"



3 weeks ago

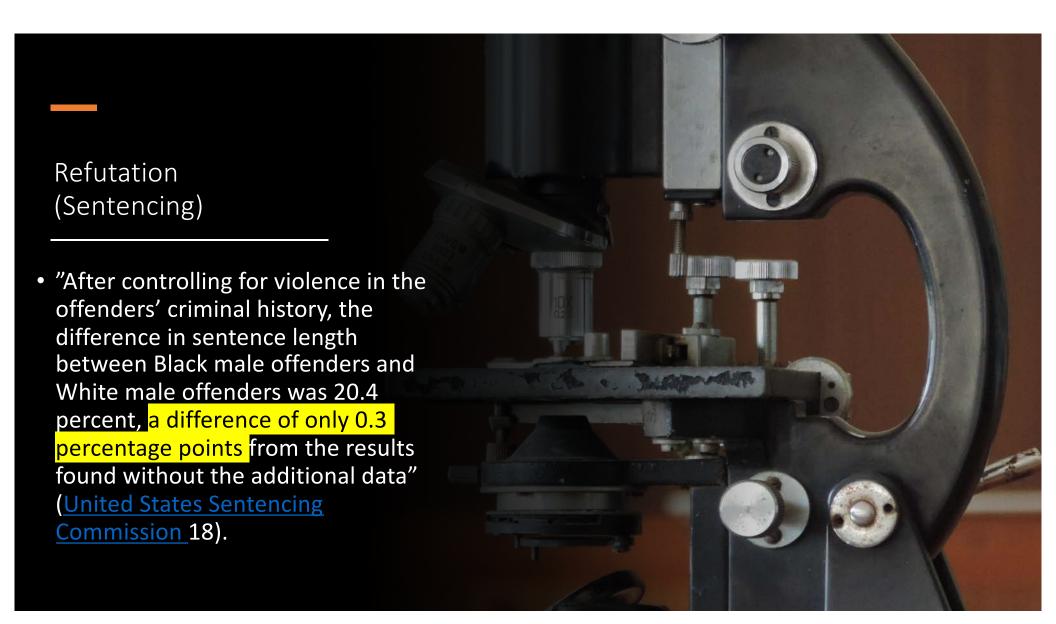
Why in the world would you simplify a multi-variate issue to such a simple number such as sentencing. Tell me if blacks and whites with the same criminal history and the sales charges get radically disparate sentencing and then we'll talk. That's about as naive a statement as the gender pay gap.

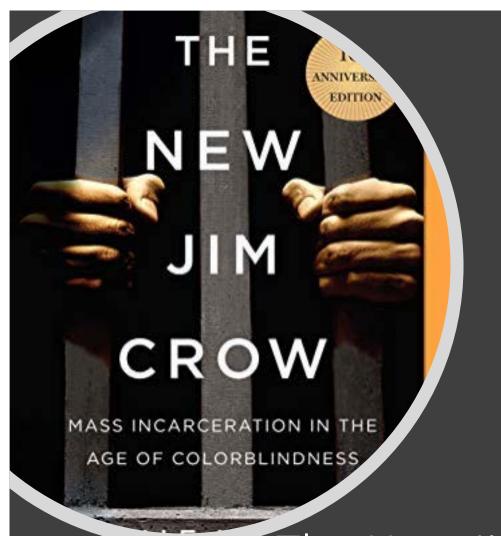






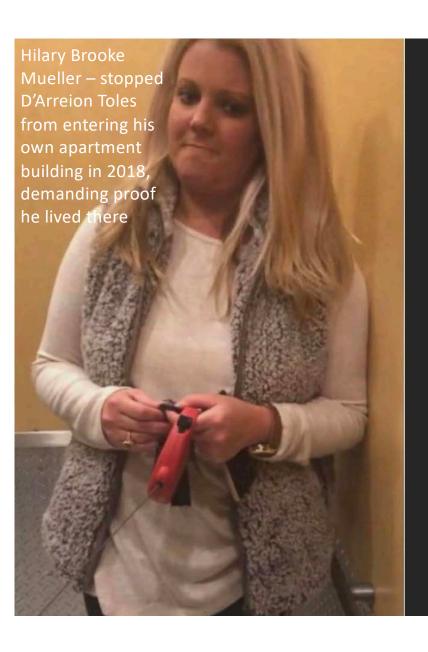
REPLY





"1 in every 14 black men was behind bars in 2006, compared with 1 in 106 white men" (Alexander 100)

The New Jim Crow



# The counterargument(s)

"But isn't this just a result of Black people committing more crime?"



#### Refutation (The New Jim Crow)

- "People of all races use and sell illegal drugs at remarkably similar rates" (Alexander 99).
- "In the federal system, for example, homicide offenders account for 0.4 percent of the past decade's growth in the federal prison population, while drug offenders account for nearly 61 percent of that expansion" (101).

#### Hiring

"Black people account for about 12% of the U.S. population, but occupy only 3.2% of the senior leadership roles at large companies in the U.S. and just 0.8% of all Fortune 500 CEO positions" (CBS News)

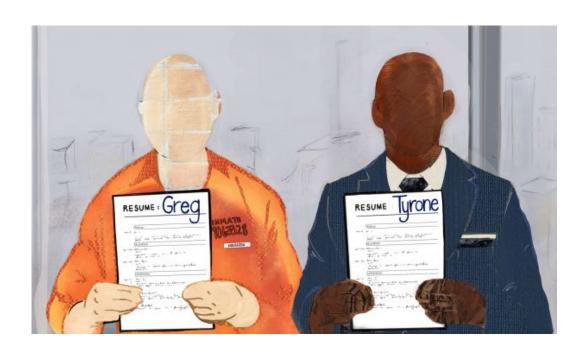


#### Refuting the counter-argument(s)



 "But isn't this just because Black people lack the proper credentials?"

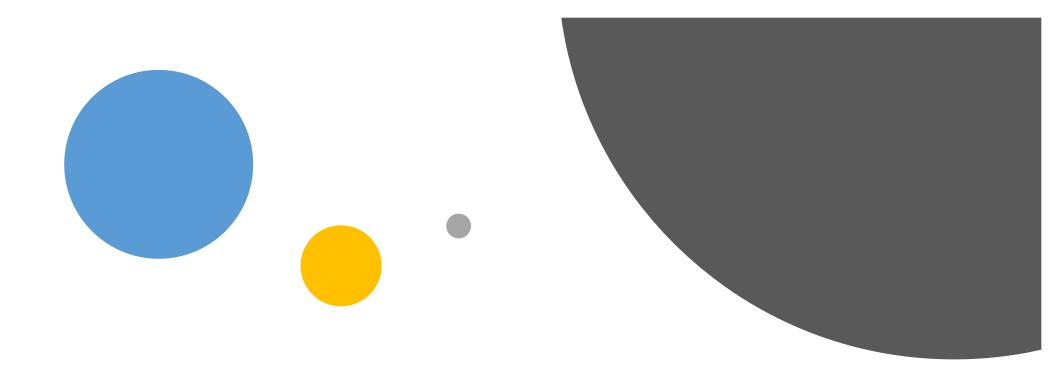
#### Refutation (Hiring)



• "In one study, the researchers created resumes for black and Asian applicants and sent them out for 1,600 entry-level jobs posted on job search websites in 16 metropolitan sections of the United States. Some of the resumes included information that clearly pointed out the applicants' minority status, while others were whitened, or scrubbed of racial clues . . . Twentyfive percent of black candidates received callbacks from their whitened resumes, while only 10 percent got calls when they left ethnic details intact." (Harvard **Business School**)

#### Why "Reverse Racism" Isn't Valid

- "To understand racism, we need to first distinguish it from mere prejudice and discrimination. Prejudice is pre-judgement about another person based on the social groups to which that person belongs" (DiAngelo White Fragility 19).
- "Racism—like sexism and other forms of oppression occurs when a racial group's prejudice is backed by legal authority and institutional control" (21).



"Okay, but *I'm* not racist"

#### Racism without Racists

- "In contrast to the Jim Crow era, where racial inequality was enforced through overt means . . . today racial practices operate in a 'now you see it, now you don't' fashion" (Bonilla-Silva).
- "Instead of name calling . . . color-blind racism otherizes softly . . . instead of proclaiming that God placed minorities in the world in a servile position, it suggests they are behind because they do not work hard enough" (Bonilla-Silva).

#### Not Everyone Can be Convinced



Lynna P. • 3rd+
Auto Transport, LTL & Truckload Freight, TMS, Warehousing

Data can be manipulated to justify almost any case one needs. The problem here is that a whole lot of useful energy is being concentrated to sell a case for white privilege, using white guilt. I do not feel guilty for anyone else's crime nor wrong doing so to accuse me of white supremacy, just because you perceive me as Caucasian, is absolutely no different than the racism you are so vehemently proliferating. For the majority of Americans, that crap ended Sixty years ago or more (for some, it was never acceptable) Our children are colorblind and we have great hearts and organizations to thank for that. Use your energy to put harmony where you believe it isn't but stop the hypocrisy.

5d ...

🖒 · 8 Likes

8 Replies

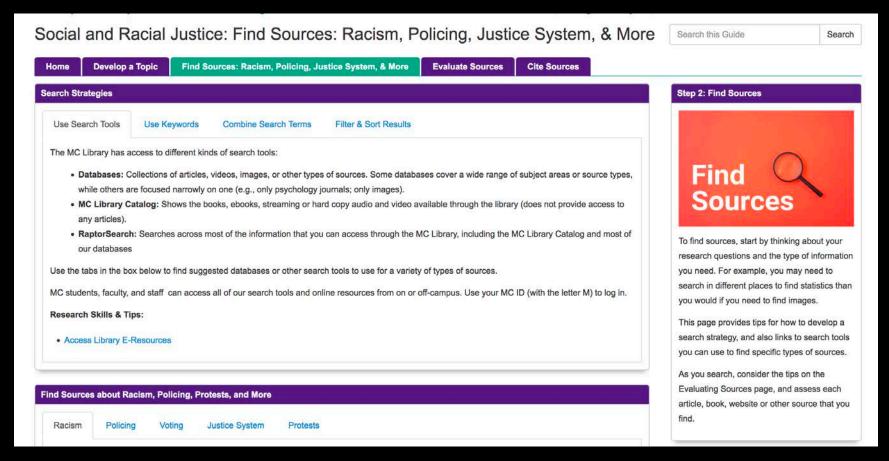
Discussion

# How would you respond to the prior post?

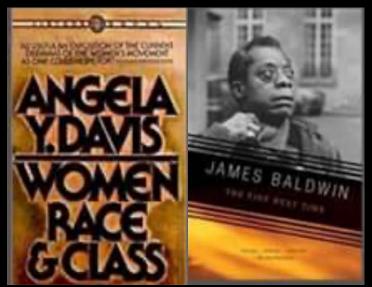
#### Discussion

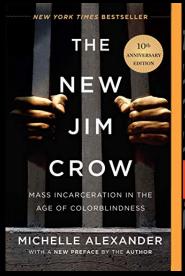
If you are white, in what ways have you contributed and are you contributing to systemic racism?

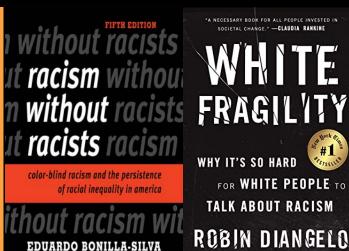
#### Library Guide



#### Further Reading (Our picks)







READ BY SEAN CRISDEN

FOREWORD BY MICHAEL ERIC DYSON

#### Stay Tuned!

### Part 2 will cover:

- Education
- Voting
- Housing

#### Resources

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https://info.montgomerycollege.edu/resources/code-of-ethics-and-employee-conduct/reporting-concerns.html