### Resilience in the Face of the Ongoing Pandemic

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#### Today's Roadmap

- Well-Being
- Stress Burnout Health Performance
- Resilience
- Making a Resilience Plan
- Strategies to Build Resilience

Throughout, think about yourself and your colleagues

#### **Dimensions of Well-Being**

Well-Being = Overall **balance** and **interaction** of physical, social, spiritual, emotional, intellectual, environmental, and occupational dimensions

Movement

Nourishment: Food & Drink

Sleep, Rest, Energy Stress: Balance and Self-Management

Family

Friends, Social Support Partner, Significant Other

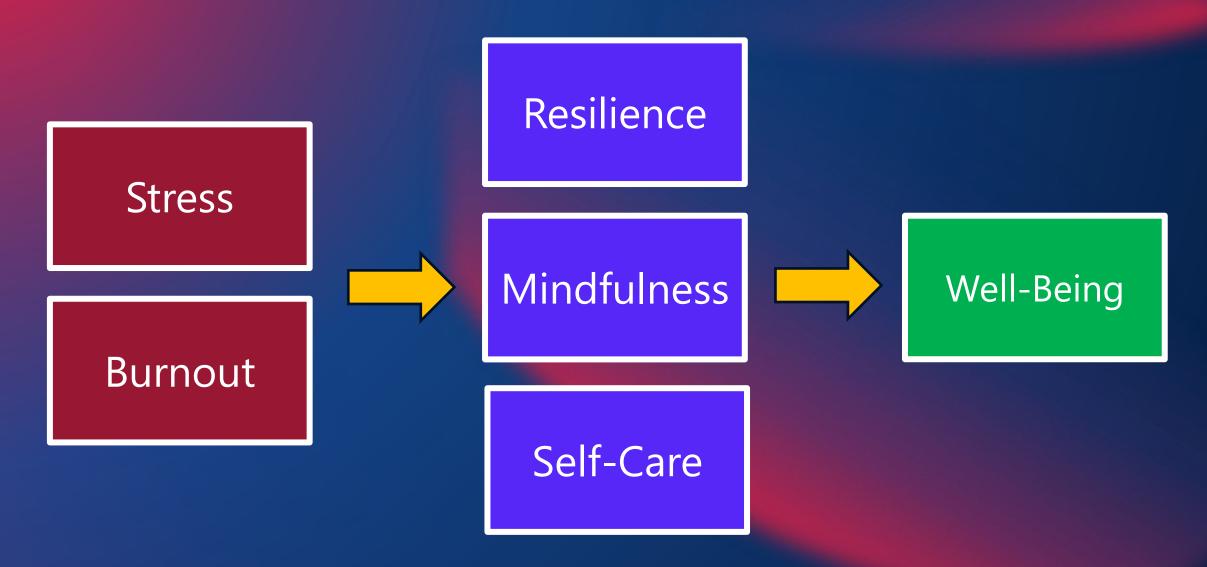
Purpose, Spirituality

Growth:
Personal &
Professional

Fun, Leisure, Recreation Physical Environment

Other Individualized Dimensions

#### Well-Being in the Face of the Pandemic



#### Recognizing ^

#### **Stress**

Stress

Everyone encounters stress.

Everyone's stressors are different.

Everyone reacts to stress differently.

No one way to deal with stress.

What are your stressors and how do you react to stress?

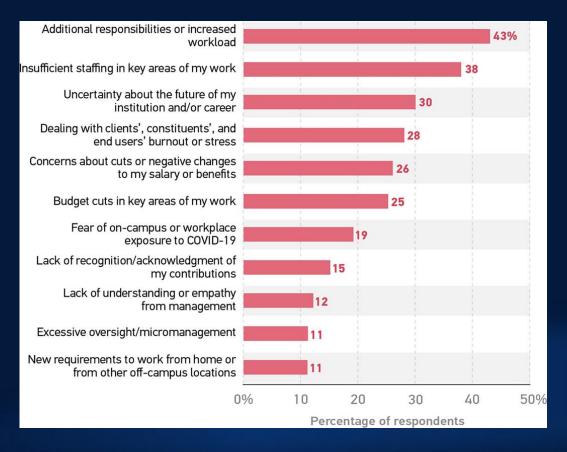
#### Stress Defined...

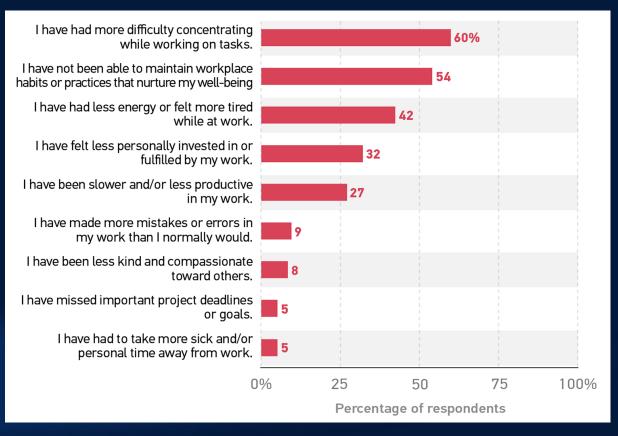
A "physical, mental, or emotional strain or tension," or "a condition or feeling experienced when a person perceives that demands exceed the personal and social resources the individual is able to mobilize." 1



#### Stress in Higher Ed

76% of higher ed professionals reported increased workplace stress since beginning of pandemic (n=1,500; EDUCAUSE, 2021)





#### Burnout

Syndrome resulting from chronic workplace stress that has not been successfully managed

- feelings of energy depletion or exhaustion
- increased mental distance from job
- feelings of negativism or cynicism related to job
- reduced professional efficacy



#### **Three Types of Burnout**

Wear-Out / Brown-Out: Someone gives up, having had too much stress and/or too little reward.

Classic / Frenetic Burnout: Someone works harder and harder, trying to resolve the stressful situation and/or seek suitable reward for their work.

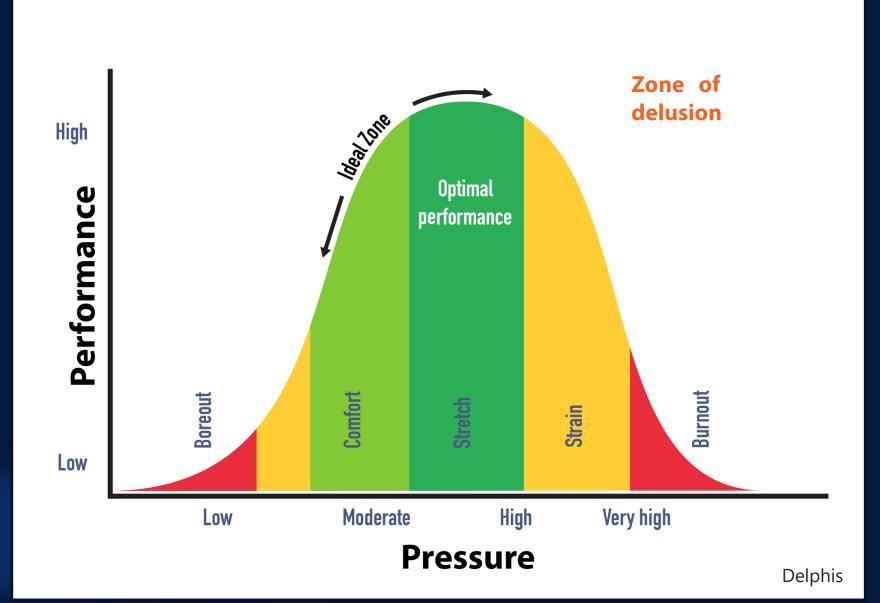
Underchallenged Burnout: Someone has low stress, but the work is unrewarding.

#### **Impact of Chronic Stress**

- Anxiety
- Depression
- Fatigue
- Difficulty concentrating
- Poor decision-making
- Poor health choices
- Sleep disruptions
- Change in appetite
- Weight gain or loss

- Emotional instability
- Digestive issues
- Diabetes
- High blood pressure
- Cardiovascular disease
- Hormonal imbalances
- Autoimmune conditions
- Compromised immunity
- Compromised relationships

## Stress Burnout & Performance



How do you rate your current level of stress / burnout?

- Extremely High
- High
- Moderate
- Low
- Very Low





#### Resilience



#### Resilience



#### Resilience is ...

- ability to positively cope with adversity and stress
- capacity to recover quickly and "bounce back" from difficulties

Less Resilient

More Resilient

Have a harder time dealing with stress, adversity, and life changes

Have an ability to adapt to stressful situations and change; "roll with the punches"



#### Resilience



"Resilient people do not let adversity define them. They find resilience by moving towards a goal beyond themselves, transcending pain and grief by perceiving bad times as a temporary state of affairs."



Resilient people are like bamboo in the wind ...





#### **Holistic View of Resilience**

Cognitive	How events are interpreted. How daily stressors and life circumstances are negotiated (i.e., coping).
Behavioral	Habits of persistence and endurance in face of obstacles and failures.
Motivational	Clear sense of life purpose and commitment.
Existential/ Spiritual	Sense of larger purpose and meaning of human life.
Relational	Sense of social connectedness, engagement, and altruism.
Emotional	Ability to tolerate negative emotions and rejection and maintain emotional confidence and hopefulness.







- 1. Cultivate self-awareness
- 2. Engage in self-care habits
- 3. Practice mindfulness
- 4. Reach out for help
- 5. Know their boundaries

- 6. Consider other perspectives
- 7. Practice acceptance
- 8. Don't have all the answers
- 9. Willing to sit in silence
- 10. Keep supportive company



#### Resilience Myths



- Resilience is something you either have or don't
- Resilience is a fixed state
- Resilient people don't have problems, stress, or difficult emotions
- Resilient people don't let things bother them
- Resilience is managing negative emotions
- Resilient people power through stress and illness
- Resilient people are so tough and self-reliant they don't need help or other people
- Resilience is built in only one way





Reflect on a time when you faced adversity or a challenging time at work.

How did you overcome it?

What did that experience teach you?

#### Making a Resilience Plan

#### **Becoming Resilient**

#### Cultivate



Time, patience, intentionality, practice



#### Making a Successful Plan

Building resilience shouldn't be stressful!!!!

- Choose the practices that make sense for you
  - Which ones resonate?
  - How are you wired?
  - Where do you lose yourself?
  - How much time do you have?

#### Making a Successful Plan

- Be intentional
- Be realistic and practical
- Be patient and flexible

- Shift from reactive to proactive
- Shift from sporadic to sustainable

#### Create Your Resilience Plan

- Do a self-assessment
  - Educator Resilience and Self-Care: Self-Assessment and Planning Tool, Teaching and Leading in the Time of COVID-19 Webinar series, American Institutes for Research, April 2020 <a href="https://gtlcenter.org/sites/default/files/Educator-Resilience-Trauma-Informed-Self-Care-Self-Assessment.pdf">https://gtlcenter.org/sites/default/files/Educator-Resilience-Trauma-Informed-Self-Care-Self-Assessment.pdf</a>
- Identify your goals
- Identify your personal & professional stressors
- Experiment with some strategies
- Observe your thoughts, feelings, body, energy levels
- Document / journal them
- Adjust and evolve

## Strategies to Build Resilience

#### Strategies to Build Resilience

- 1. Self-awareness and self-care
- 2. Attention, focus, and mindfulness
- 3. Social engagement
- 4. Purpose and meaning
- 5. Growth mindset

#### Align Stressors, Strategy, and YOU



Choose the strategies that match YOU!

#### 1. Self-Awareness and Self-Care

- Self-awareness: capacity to clearly understand your own strengths, weaknesses, emotions, values, natural inclinations, tendencies, and motivation
- Self-care: proactively taking care of yourself;
   behaviors, thoughts, and attitudes that support your emotional well-being and physical health

#### 1. Self-Awareness and Self-Care

- Eat well, eat lunch away from your desk
- Move your body, adopt walking meetings
- Take a stretch break
- Get enough sleep
- Manage stress
- Practice self-compassion
- Play and have fun!



#### 1. SELF-AWARENESS AND SELF-CARE

- Ask for help
- Delegate tasks to others, when possible
- Outsource routine tasks
- Cultivate opportunities for personal & professional growth
  - Develop interests outside of your field
- Make time for quiet reflection
  - Meditation, journaling, yoga, time in nature, practice gratitude, prayer



- Attention: tune out information, sensations, and perceptions not relevant at the moment
- Focus: energy dedicated to the information that is important
- Mindfulness: awareness of present moment; acceptance & non-judgement of thoughts, feelings, bodily sensations, environment
- When combined, increased likelihood of flow state

- Meditation
- Visualization
- Deep breathing exercises
- Thought-stopping exercises
- Focus on one thing at a time
- Avoid multi-tasking



- Rethink productivity
  - Make a shorter and realistic to-do list
- Practice essentialism
  - Give yourself permission to stop trying to do it all
  - Stop saying yes to everyone
  - "It's not how to get more things done but getting the right things done. It is about making the wisest possible investment of your time and energy in order to operate at our highest point of contribution by doing only what is essential."
    (Essentialism, Greg McKeown)

Choose

1-2 that

resonate

with

YOU

- Unplug
  - Turn off the email notices
  - Take a break from checking your phone
  - Turn off your phone or sound
- Listen to music without lyrics
- Listen to natural soundscapes
  - Ocean waves, wind, birdsongs



#### 3. Social Engagement

- Cultivate social connections
- Avoid social isolation
- Supportive interaction with family and friends
- Positive peer and colleague relationships
- Join a group, organization, or team
- Volunteer



#### 3. Social Engagement

- Express gratitude and appreciation
- Practice random acts of kindness
- Start conversations, ask questions and be an active listener



#### 4. Purpose and Meaning

- Understand your purpose
  - Recognize purpose, contribution, dignity in all work
  - Examine your strengths and talents
  - Develop skills you want
  - Recognize your values, interests, passions
  - Live your own unique combination of these
- Develop realistic goals and work toward them
- Reflect on what's going well and what's not
- Adopt an observer's mind



#### 4. Purpose and Meaning

- Embrace change
- Find ways to help others
- Keep long-term perspective
- Consider stressors in broader context
- Explore spiritual/religious practices that fit your world view and values
- Strive to accept what you cannot change
- Take action where you can influence



#### 5. Growth Mindset

- View challenges and set-backs as opportunities to grow and learn something new
- Acknowledge and embrace your imperfections
- Applaud your effort, not just your inherent skill
- Leave the "genius myth" behind
  - Achievement requires hard work, not just natural talent
- Avoid comparing yourself to others
  - We all have different strengths and learn differently



#### 5. Growth Mindset

- Try different learning tactics
- Focus on "brain training"
  - Your brain is like a muscle that needs to work to get stronger
- Prioritize learning over approval
- Invest in your professional development
- Prioritize process over the end result



# Questions? Thank You! Chris Sax, csax@muih.edu